

NEPC STRATEGIC OUTLOOK

12/31/2020 ASSET CLASS ASSUMPTIONS

February 2021

NEPC Research



BOSTON | ATLANTA | CHARLOTTE | CHICAGO | DETROIT | LAS VEGAS | PORTLAND | SAN FRANCISCO

ASSET CLASS ASSUMPTIONS

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INTRODUCTION

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ASSET CLASS ASSUMPTIONS OVERVIEW

NEPC's capital market assumptions are available each quarter and currently reflect 12/31/20 market data

Asset class returns reflect a wide range of outcomes related to the pandemic's economic impact

Maintain a dedicated safe-haven allocation to serve as a source of liquidity and to provide downside protection

Consider higher strategic equity targets as the long-term return differential relative to fixed income is wide

NEPC's Key Market Theme of *Permanent Interventions* sustains elevated valuations and lift our return outlook



ASSUMPTION DEVELOPMENT

Assumptions are published for over 70 asset classes

NEPC publishes 10- and 30-year return forecasts

Based on data as of 12/31/20

Assumptions are developed with NEPC valuations models and rely on a building block approach

The 10-year return outlook is intended to support strategic asset allocation analysis

30-year return assumptions are used for actuarial inputs and long-term planning

Asset Allocation Process

Finalize list of new asset classes

Calculate asset class volatility and correlation assumptions

Set model terminal values, growth and inflation inputs

Models updated at quarter-end

Review model outputs and produce return assumptions

Assumptions released on the 15th calendar day after quarter-end

BUILDING BLOCKS METHODOLOGY

Asset models reflect current and forecasted market data to inform expected returns

Systematic inputs are paired with a long-term trend rate path for terminal values

Model inputs are aggregated to capture key return drivers for each asset class

Building block inputs will differ for equity, fixed income, and real assets



CORE GEOMETRIC RETURN ASSUMPTIONS

	Asset Class	10-Year Return	30-Year Return	Volatility
	Cash	0.8%	1.9%	0.6%
	US Inflation	2.0%	2.2%	-
Equity	US Large-Cap Equity	5.4%	6.3%	16.6%
	Non-US Developed Equity	5.9%	6.5%	19.7%
	Emerging Market Equity	7.5%	8.4%	28.7%
	<i>Global Equity*</i>	6.2%	7.0%	18.1%
	<i>Private Equity*</i>	9.3%	10.1%	24.8%
	Fixed Income	US Treasury Bond	0.9%	2.0%
<i>US Aggregate Bond*</i>		1.4%	2.7%	5.7%
US TIPS		1.0%	2.1%	5.8%
US High Yield Corporate Bond		2.9%	5.0%	11.5%
<i>Private Debt*</i>		6.1%	7.5%	11.9%
Real Assets	Commodity Futures	0.9%	3.3%	18.5%
	US REIT	5.5%	6.7%	21.4%
	Gold	2.9%	3.7%	16.4%
	Core Real Estate	4.4%	5.6%	15.0%
	Private Real Assets - Infrastructure	5.4%	6.6%	12.5%
Multi-Asset	<i>60% S&P 500 & 40% US Aggregate</i>	4.1%	5.1%	10.3%
	<i>60% MSCI ACWI & 40% US Aggregate</i>	4.6%	5.6%	11.1%
	<i>Hedge Fund*</i>	4.0%	5.2%	8.7%

*Calculated as a blend of other asset classes



MPERS ASSET ALLOCATION ASSUMPTIONS

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2021 MPERS ASSET ALLOCATION ASSUMPTIONS

Asset Allocation	60/40	Policy	20% Leverage
Global Equity	60.0%*	40.0%*	48.0%*
Private Equity		10.0%	12.0%
Total Equity	60%	50%	60%
TIPS		5.0%	6.0%
Core Bonds	40.0%	10.0%	12.0%
Long Govt/Credit		7.5%	9.0%
Private Debt		7.5%	9.0%
Total Fixed Income	40%	30%	36%
Private Real Assets		10.0%	12.0%
Core Real Estate		10.0%	12.0%
Total Real Assets		20%	24%
US Leverage Cost		0.0%	-20.0%
Total Cash		0%	-20%

Expected Return 10 years	4.53%	5.80%	6.57%
Expected Return 30 years	5.52%	6.81%	7.59%
Standard Dev	10.61%	12.11%	14.49%
Sharpe Ratio (10 years)	0.35	0.41	0.40
Sharpe Ratio (30 years)	0.34	0.41	0.39

* Policy Targets: 40% Global Equity = 32.5% Global Equity/5% Hedged Equity(L/S) /2.5% Midstream Energy



MPERS' MIXES: 2020 vs. 2021 ASSUMPTIONS

Asset Class	Asset Allocation		
	60/40	Policy	20% Leverage
Global Equity	60.0%*	40.0%*	48.0%*
Private Equity		10.0%	12.0%
Total Equity	60%	50%	60%
TIPS		5.0%	6.0%
Core Bonds	40.0%	10.0%	12.0%
Long Govt/Credit		7.5%	9.0%
Private Debt		7.5%	9.0%
Total Fixed Income	40%	30%	36%
Private Real Assets		10.0%	12.0%
Core Real Estate		10.0%	12.0%
Total Real Assets		20%	24%
US Leverage Cost		0.0%	-20%
Total Cash		0%	-20%

Asset Class	10 Year Return Assumptions		
	2020	2021	▲
Global Equity	6.1%	6.0%	-0.1%
Private Equity	9.4%	9.3%	-0.1%
TIPS	2.2%	1.0%	-1.2%
Core Bonds	2.5%	1.4%	-1.1%
Long Govt/Credit	2.8%	1.7%	-1.1%
Private Debt	6.7%	6.1%	-0.6%
Private Real Assets	7.5%	6.7%	-0.8%
Core Real Estate	5.2%	4.4%	-0.8%
US Leverage Cost	2.1%	1.2%	-0.9%

	2020			2021		
	60/40	Policy	20% Leverage	60/40	Policy	20% Leverage
Expected Return 10 Yr	5.0%	6.3%	7.0%	4.5%	5.8%	6.6%
Expected Return 30 Yr	6.1%	7.3%	8.1%	5.5%	6.8%	7.6%
Standard Deviation	10.3%	11.5%	13.9%	10.6%	12.1%	14.5%
Sharpe Ratio (10 Yr)	0.31	0.39	0.37	0.35	0.41	0.40

* Policy Targets: 40% Global Equity = 32.5% Global Equity/5% Hedged Equity(L/S) /2.5% Midstream Energy



MACRO ASSUMPTIONS

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INFLATION OVERVIEW

Inflation is an essential building block for developing asset class return assumptions

Inflation assumptions are model-driven and informed by multiple inputs for both the US and global assets

Includes forecasts from international organizations (e.g. IMF), local consumer and producer price indices, global interest rate curves, and break-even inflation expectations

NEPC's US inflation expectation continues to reflect minimal expected inflation pressures over the long-term

We anticipate near-term volatility in our inflation assumptions as market-based inflation expectations discount the full range of economic scenarios associated with the pandemic and response

Region	10-Year Inflation Assumption	30-Year Inflation Assumption
United States	2.0%	2.2%

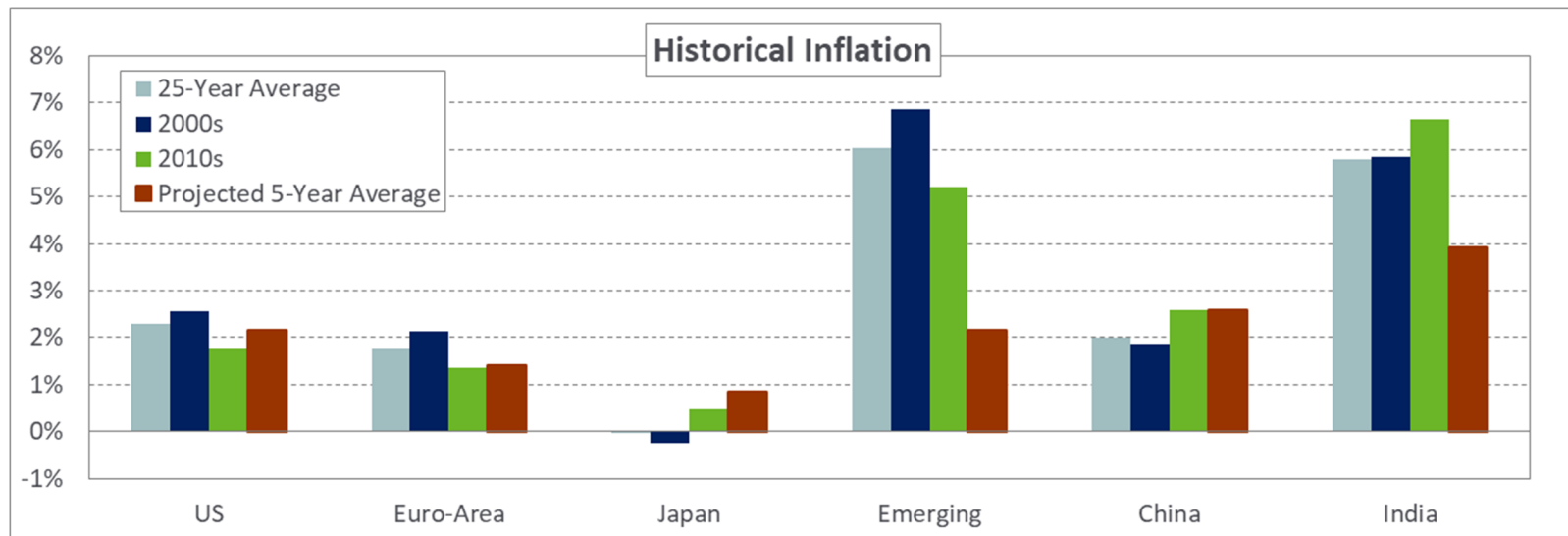
GLOBAL INFLATION

Core inflation remains well below central bank targets

COVID-19, globalization, aging demographics, and deflationary technology trends are inflation headwinds influencing markets

Global inflation break-even expectations suggest inflation will be near current levels for the long-term

Emerging market inflation remains above the developed world, but is significantly lower than long-term averages



Source: IMF, FactSet, NEPC

US CASH EXPECTATIONS

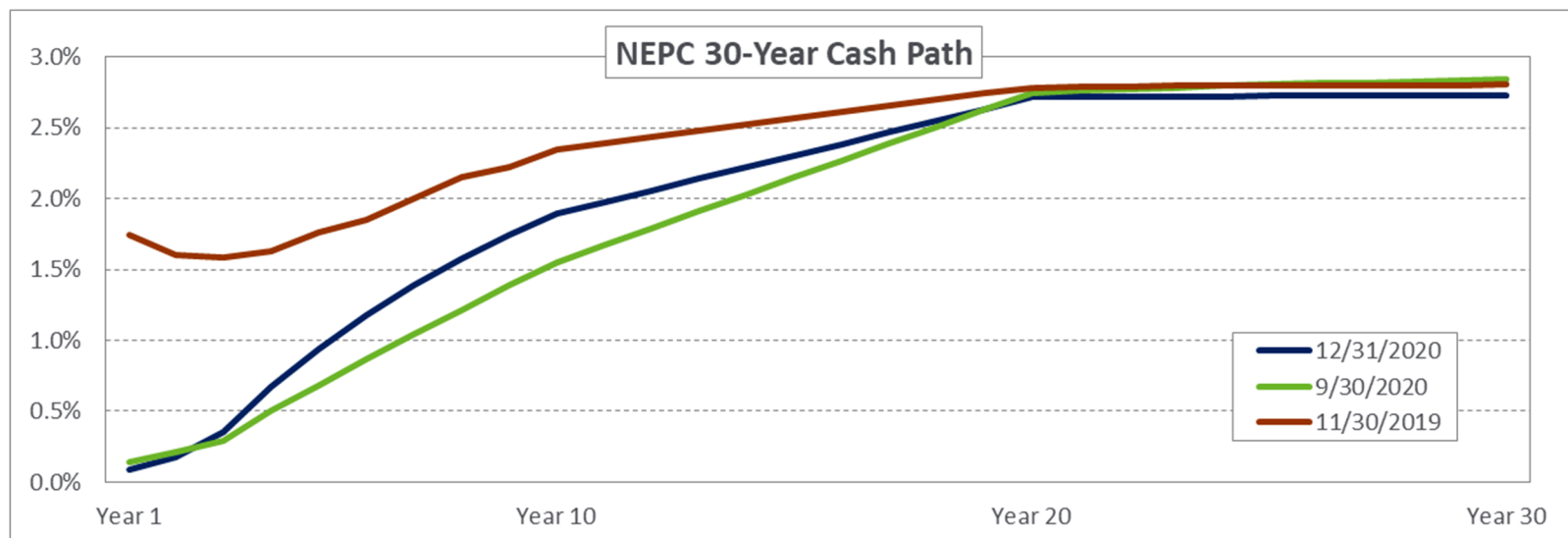
Cash is a foundational input for all asset class returns

The assumption is a direct building block input and is a relative value factor (cash + risk premia) in long-term return projections

Cash assumptions reflect inflation and real interest rates

US nominal rates are near historic lows for NEPC forecasts

Market expectations of suppressed real rates and minimal inflation create a slow trending path for cash to reach NEPC's long-term target



Source: Bloomberg, FactSet, NEPC



GLOBAL INTEREST RATE EXPECTATIONS

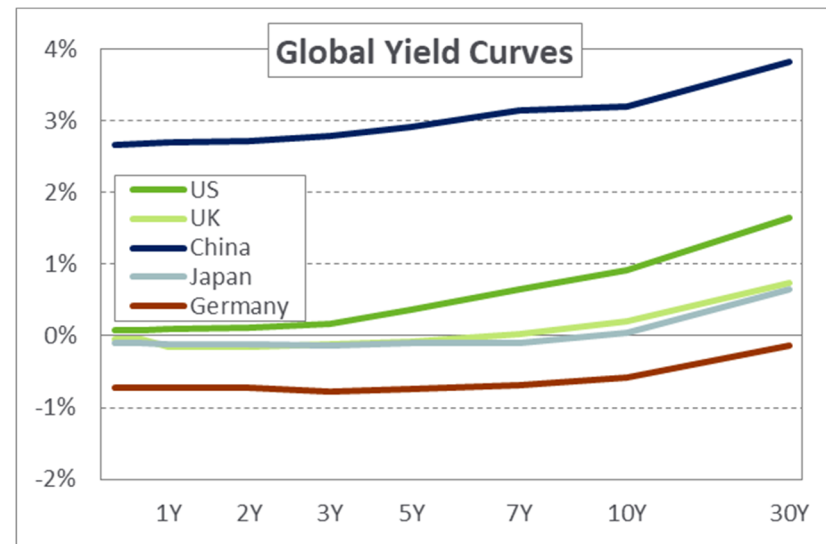
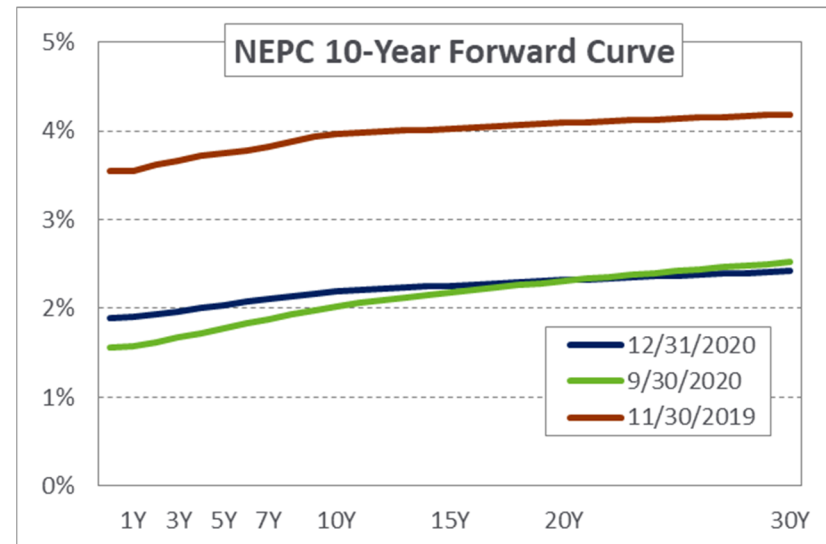
Negative real yields reflect central bank intervention

Low real rates depress returns for all assets in the long-term

The Fed's easy policy and low inflation suppress long term yield forecasts

The outlook for Japan and Europe bonds are poor due to negative nominal yields

Emerging market interest rates are higher relative to the developed world



Source: (Top) FactSet, NEPC
Source: (Bottom) FactSet, NEPC

EQUITY ASSUMPTIONS

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EQUITY ASSUMPTIONS OVERVIEW

Equity return assumptions reflect the influence of our Permanent Interventions Key Market Theme

Discounting future earnings with lower interest rates supports higher equity valuation multiples over time

Price-to-earnings and profit margin terminal values have been adjusted higher

Consider higher strategic equity targets as the long-term return differential relative to fixed income is wide

We recommend that strategic asset allocation targets for emerging market equity reflect an overweight

The return assumption for emerging equity is highest among public equity and we encourage sourcing from EAFE exposure

NEPC encourages a modest strategic bias to small-cap relative to exposure in the MSCI ACWI IMI



EQUITY: ASSUMPTIONS

Equity Building Blocks	
Illiquidity Premium	The return expected for investments with illiquidity risk
Valuation	Represents P/E multiple contraction or expansion relative to long-term trend
Inflation	Market-specific inflation based on country revenue and region-specific inflation
Real Earnings Growth	Market-specific real growth based on a weighted-average derived from country revenue contribution and GDP growth
Dividend Yield	Income distributed to shareholders adjusted to reflect market trends

Asset Class	10-Year Return	Year-over-Year Change
US Large-Cap Equity	5.4%	+0.4%
US Small/Mid-Cap Equity	5.7%	+0.2%
US Microcap Equity	6.6%	-0.4%
Non-US Developed Equity	5.9%	-0.1%
Non-US Developed Small-Cap Equity	6.1%	-0.3%
Emerging Market Equity	7.5%	-1.5%
Emerging Market Small-Cap Equity	8.1%	-1.1%
China Equity	7.0%	-1.8%
Hedge Fund - Equity	4.0%	-0.8%
Global Equity*	6.2%	-
Private Equity*	9.3%	-0.1%

Source: NEPC

*Calculated as a blend of other asset classes



EQUITY: REAL EARNINGS GROWTH

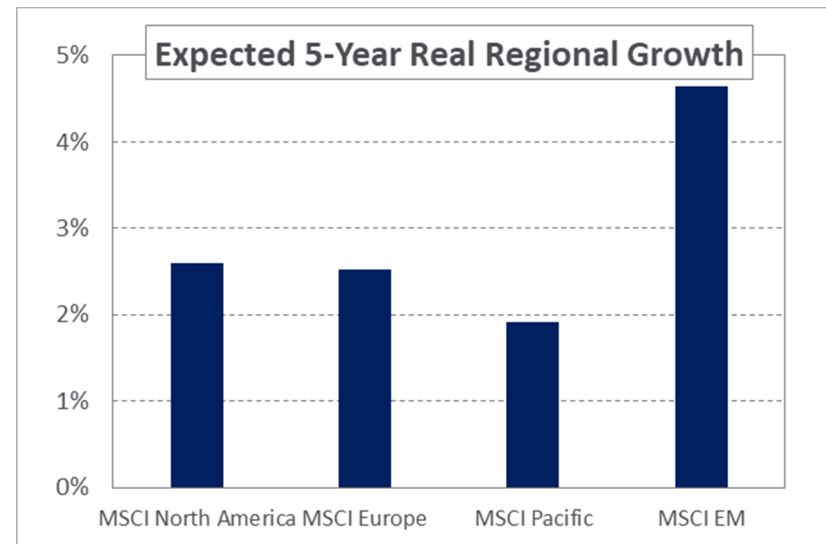
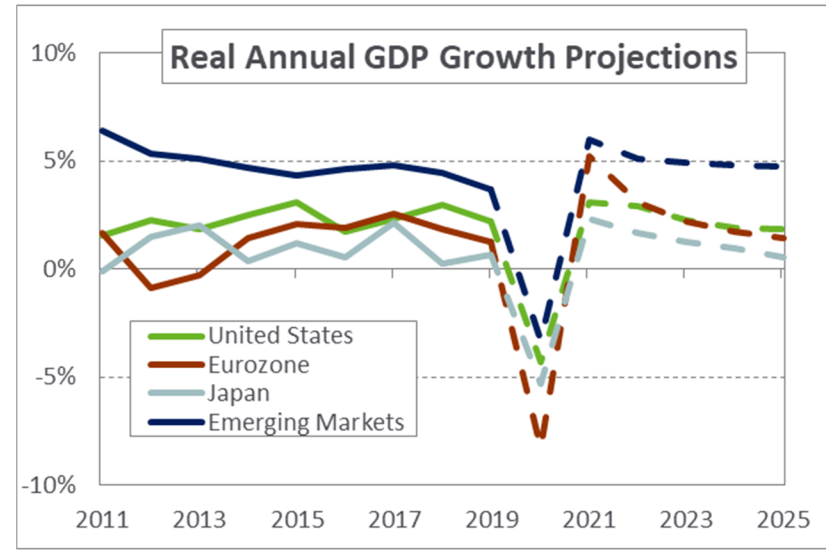
Global growth rates reflect the concerns of COVID-19 and US-China trade tensions

Regions more reliant on EM for revenue generation are forecasted to enjoy higher real earnings growth

Non-US stocks benefit from a greater portion of revenue from EM than US stocks

Small-caps have elevated long-term targets for real earnings growth relative to large-cap equities

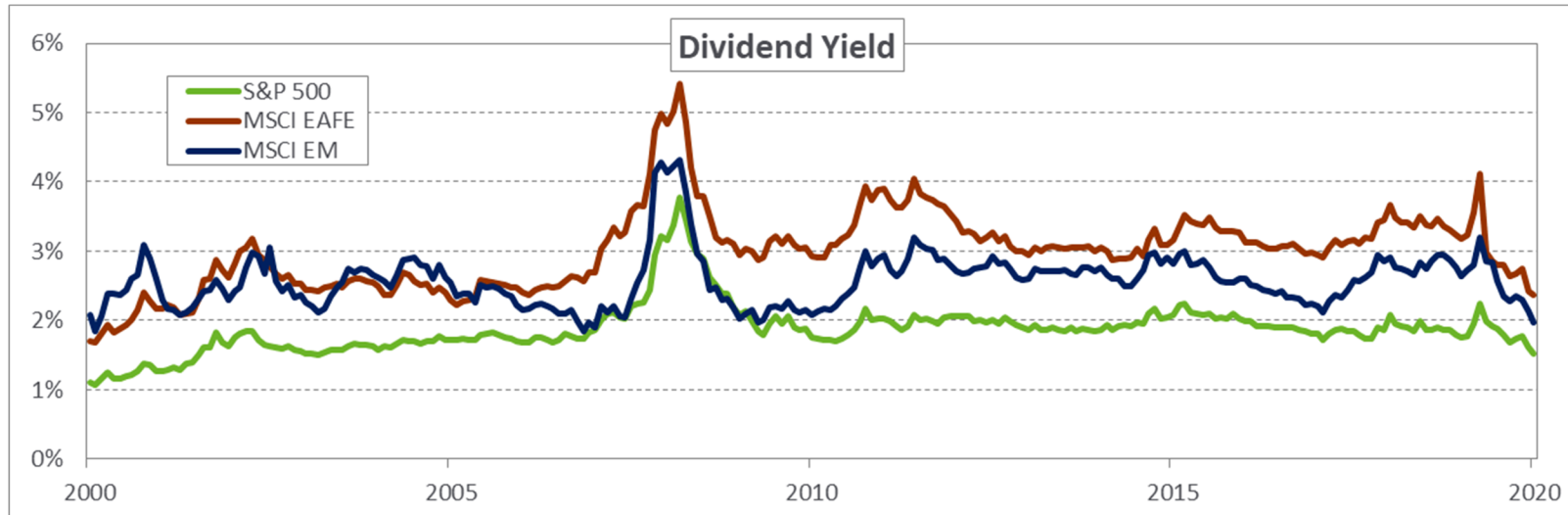
This suggests a forward-looking risk premium for small- & mid-caps over large-cap



Source: (Bottom) IMF, MSCI, FactSet, NEPC



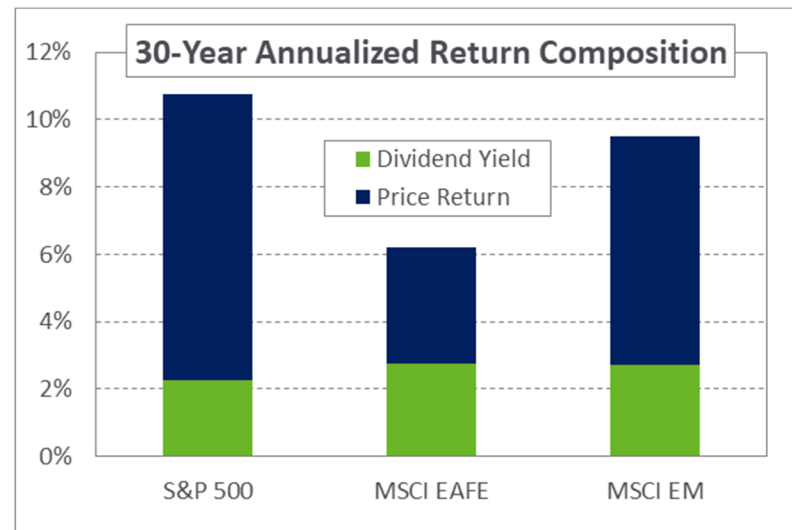
EQUITY: DIVIDEND YIELD



The 20 year terminal value estimate for the S&P 500 dividend yield is 2.50%

Non-US stocks offer higher dividend yields relative to the US over the long-term

Terminal value dividend yield inputs for MSCI EM and EAFE are 2.5% and 3.0%



Source: (Top) S&P, MSCI, FactSet, NEPC
Source: (Bottom) S&P, MSCI, FactSet, NEPC



EQUITY: VALUATION

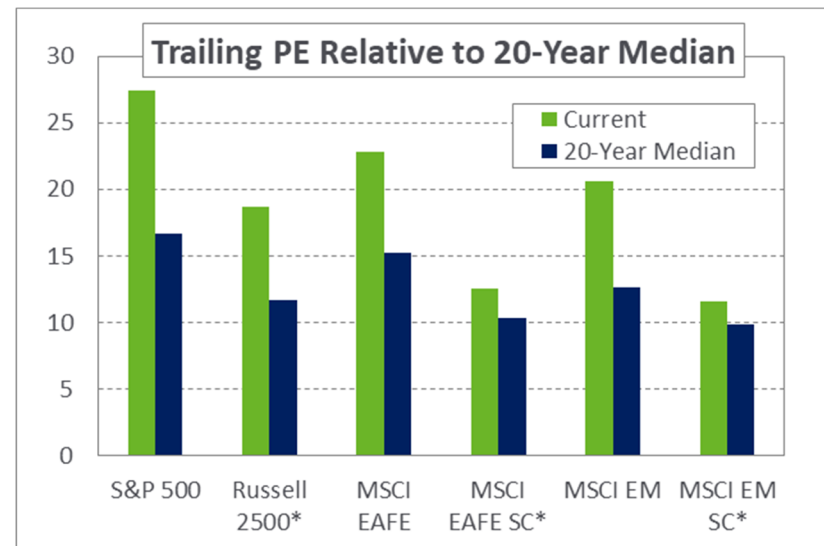
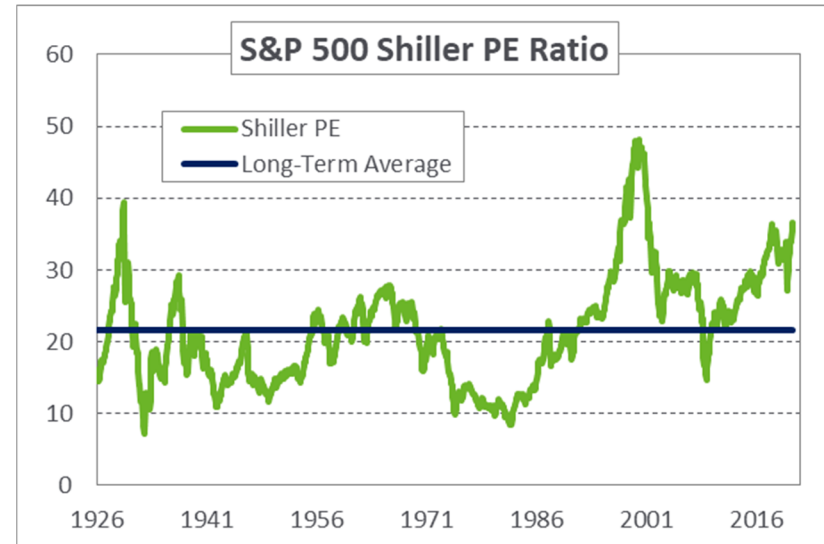
US large-cap stocks appear overvalued relative to long-term averages

Yet low interest rates and inflation can support higher P/E levels

P/E terminal value inputs are higher for the US and reflect easy Fed policy and low interest rates levels

EAFE P/E levels reflect a less constructive market outlook

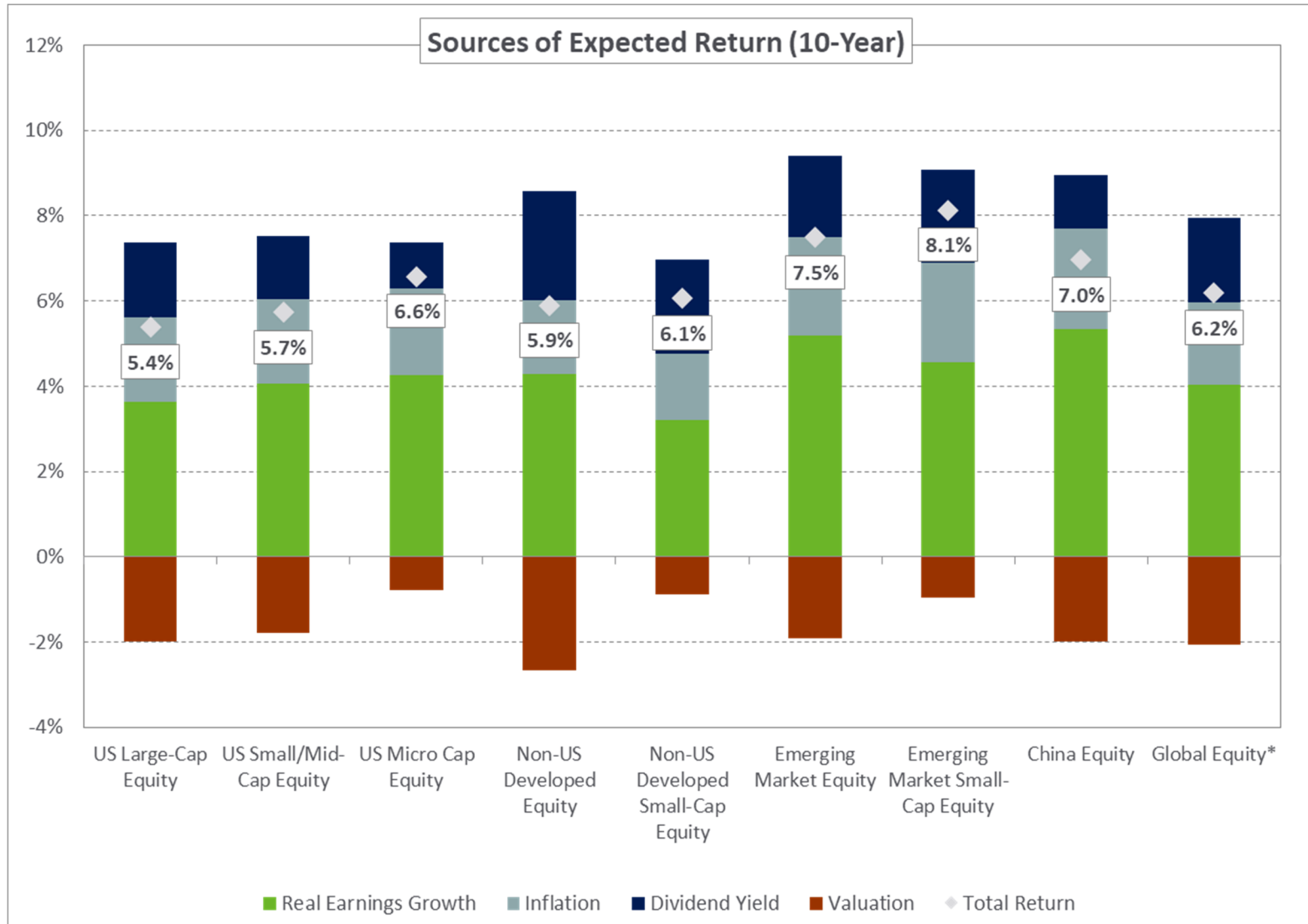
Emerging market equities offer an attractive total return opportunity relative to developed markets



Source: (Top) S&P, Shiller, NEPC; long-term average beginning in 1926

Source: (Bottom) S&P, Russell, MSCI, FactSet, NEPC; *Small cap indices valuations based on EV/EBITDA multiples; MSCI EM Small Cap median calculated since 3/31/2003

EQUITY: BUILDING BLOCKS



Source: NEPC

*Calculated as a blend of other classes



FIXED INCOME ASSUMPTIONS

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FIXED INCOME ASSUMPTIONS OVERVIEW

Fixed income return assumptions are lower with market movements in interest rates and credit spreads

While return assumptions are low for safe-haven assets, we continue to endorse a dedicated Treasury allocation

We recommend a strategic blend of 50% US Treasuries and 50% TIPS for total return focused investors

Safe-haven instruments may differ by investor

The fixed income profile and duration should reflect risk objectives, liability/commitment structure, and desire for capital efficiency

Return-seeking credit investments look to earn income and exploit shifts in credit spreads and market cycles

We believe a strategic blend of 50% high yield, 25% levered loans, and 25% blended EMD offers an improved beta profile for return-seeking credit relative to US high yield



FIXED INCOME: ASSUMPTIONS

Fixed Income Building Blocks	
Illiquidity Premium	The return expected for investments with illiquidity risk
Government Rates Price Change	Valuation change due to shifts in the current yield curve to forecasted rates
Credit Deterioration	The average loss for credit assets due to defaults and recovery rates
Spread Price Change	Valuation change due to shifts in credit spreads over the duration of the investment
Credit Spread	Yield premium provided by securities with credit risk
Government Rates	The yield attributed to sovereign bonds that do not have credit risk

Asset Class	10-Year Return	Year-over-Year Change
US TIPS	1.0%	-1.2%
US Treasury Bond	0.9%	-1.0%
US Corporate Bond	2.2%	-1.2%
US Mortgage-Backed Securities	1.2%	-1.3%
US High Yield Corporate Bond	2.9%	-1.2%
US Leveraged Loan	3.9%	-0.9%
Emerging Market External Debt	3.0%	-1.1%
Emerging Market Local Currency Debt	5.0%	-0.4%
Non-US Government Bond	0.6%	+0.4%
US Municipal Bond (1-10 Year)	1.1%	-0.8%
US High Yield Municipal Bond	2.8%	-0.4%
Hedge Fund - Credit	3.9%	-0.9%
<i>US Aggregate Bond*</i>	1.4%	-1.1%
<i>Private Debt*</i>	6.1%	-0.6%

Source: NEPC

*Calculated as a blend of other asset classes



FIXED INCOME: CREDIT SPREADS

Credit spreads are broadly below long-term medians

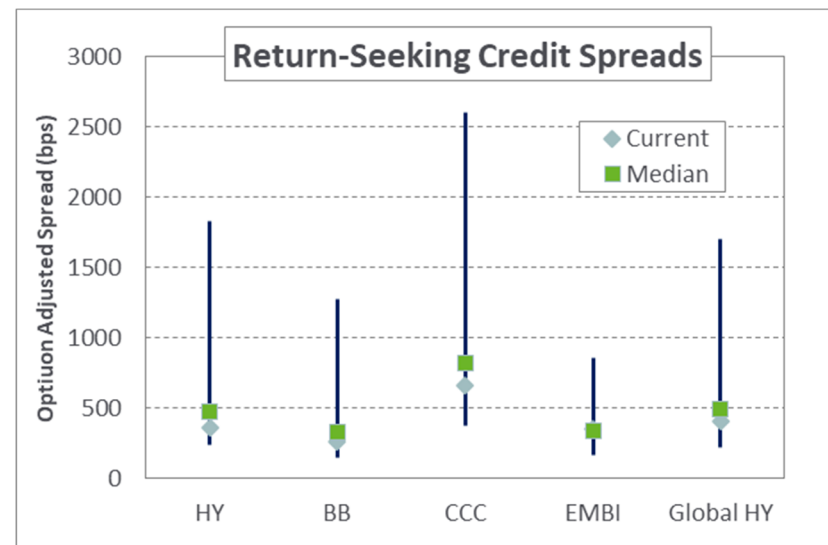
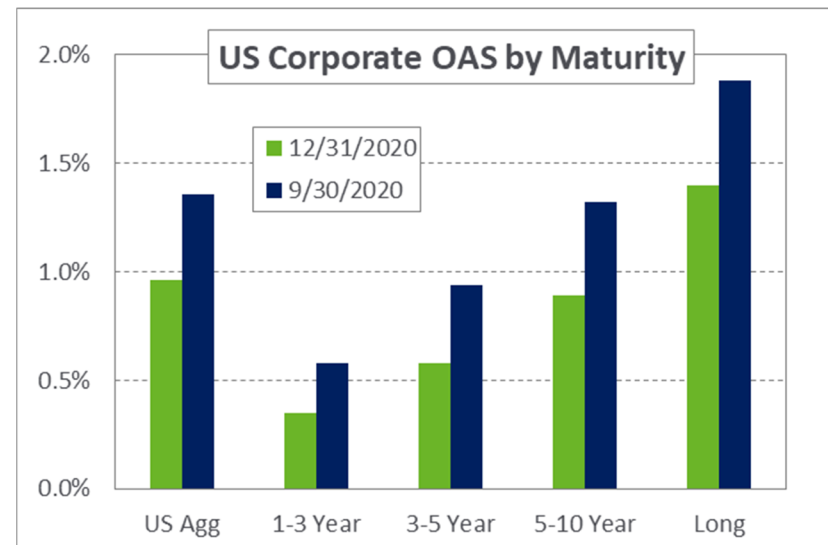
Spreads tightened in the last quarter across credit qualities

Lower spread levels reduce future return expectations

Credit spread assumptions reflect potential disruption

With a record number of BBB rated corporates, fallen angel downgrades are a greater risk

Default and recovery rates assumptions are based on long-term history



Source: (Top) Barclays, FactSet, NEPC

Source: (Bottom) Barclays, JPM, FactSet, NEPC; as of 12/31/2000



FIXED INCOME: RATES PRICE CHANGE

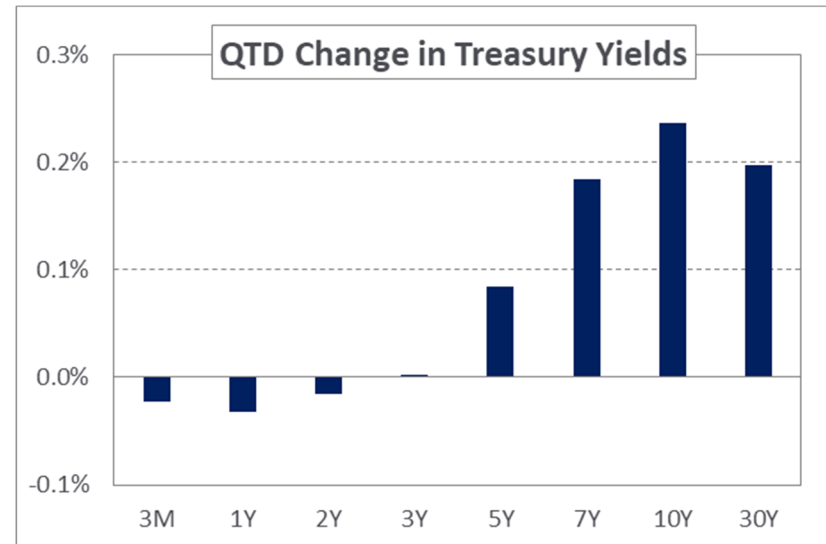
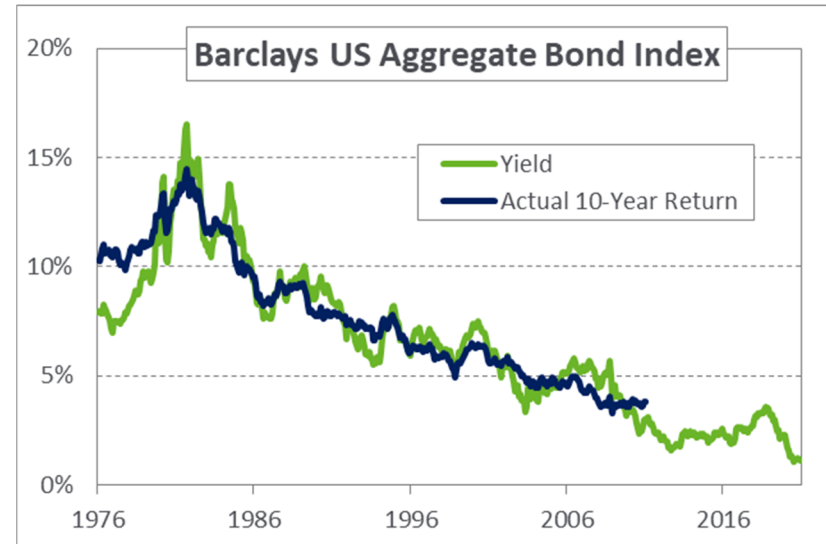
Rates price change reflects shifts in interest rates, the yield curve, and roll down

Roll down refers to the price change due to the aging of a bond along the yield curve

Rates price change is a big component of total return

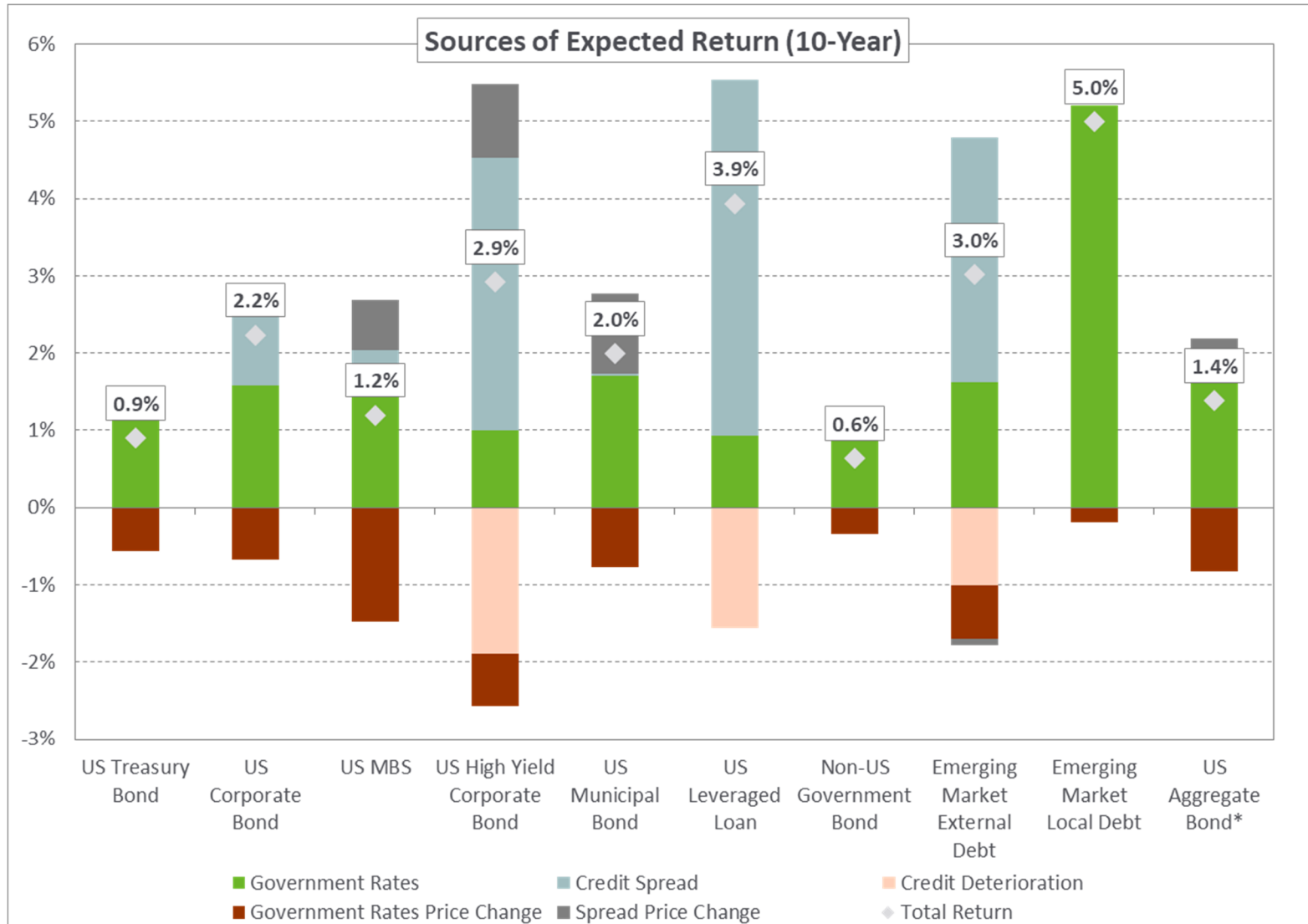
Interest rate increases are a headwind to future returns

Roll down offers relief for rising rates when the yield curve is steep



Source: (Top) Barclays, FactSet, NEPC
Source: (Bottom) FactSet, NEPC

FIXED INCOME: BUILDING BLOCKS

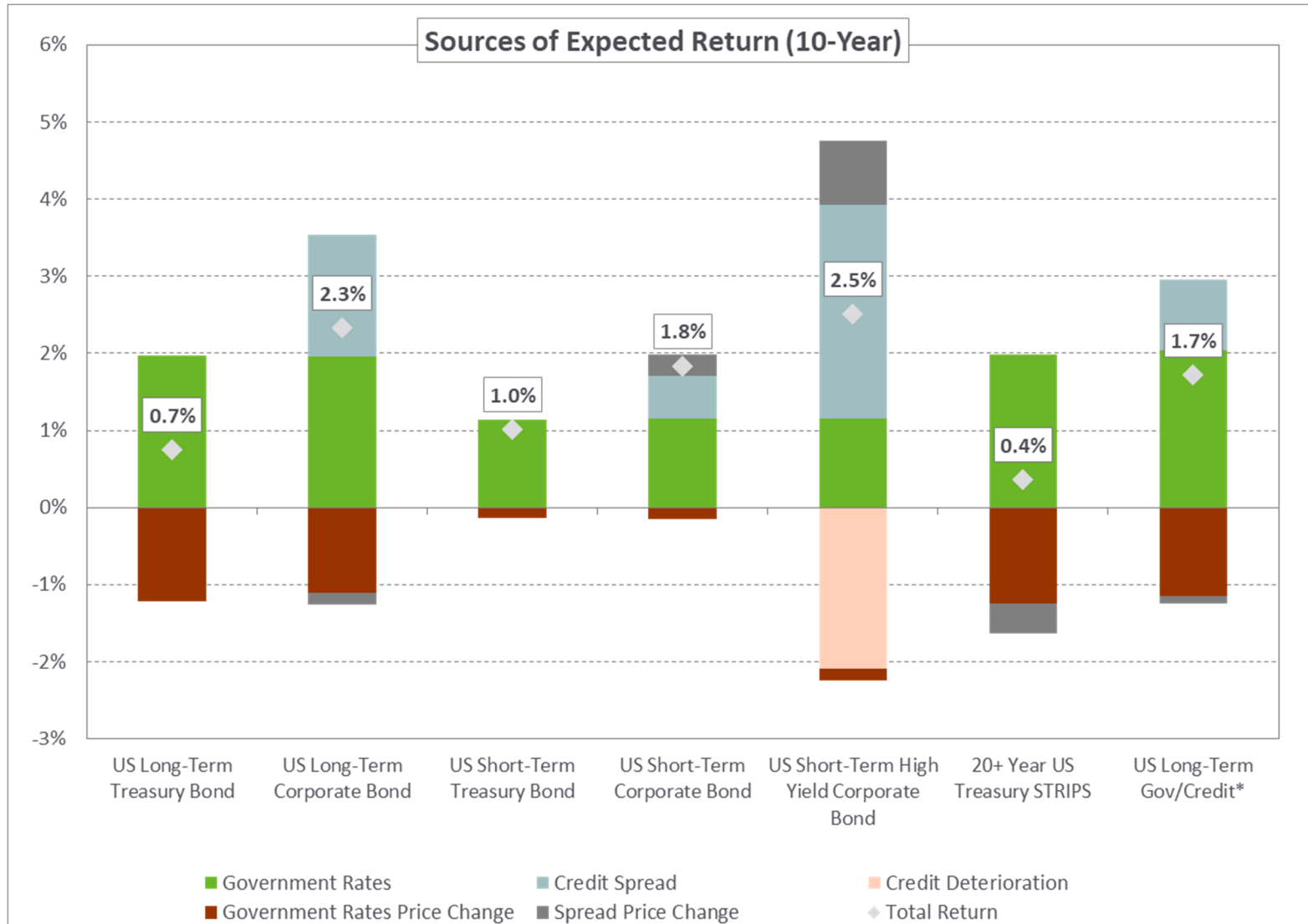


Source: NEPC

*Calculated as a blend of other classes



FIXED INCOME: BUILDING BLOCKS



Source: NEPC
 *Calculated as a blend of other classes



REAL ASSET ASSUMPTIONS

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REAL ASSET ASSUMPTIONS OVERVIEW

The strategic outlook for real assets reflects a high level of uncertainty due to subdued inflation expectations

Real assets offer a meaningful portfolio diversification benefit, but are exposed to a wide range of potential inflation scenarios

Real assets exhibit different betas to inflation and each asset class is exposed to various economic factors

Diversification and correlation benefits are helpful to a portfolio but must be carefully considered relative to the expected risk premium

Inflation-sensitivity and portfolio objectives influence an investor's strategic allocation to real assets

We encourage investors to remove commodity futures from strategic allocation targets due to persistent negative roll yield

Strategic targets to Gold should be carefully weighed relative to the long-term macroeconomic environment

Gold exposure can be a challenge to investor risk-tolerance given its volatility profile and lack of a consistent risk premium



REAL ASSET: ASSUMPTIONS

Real Assets Building Blocks	
Illiquidity Premium	The return expected for investments with illiquidity risk
Valuation	The change in price of the asset moving to a terminal value or real average level
Inflation	Based on the inflation paths as defined by TIPS breakeven and NEPC assumptions
Growth	Market-specific real growth based on a weighted-average derived from country revenue contribution and GDP growth
Real Income	The inflation-adjusted income produced by the underlying tangible or physical asset

Asset Class	10-Year Return	Year-over-Year Change
Commodity Futures	0.9%	-3.1%
Midstream Energy	7.4%	-
US REIT	5.5%	+0.1%
Global Infrastructure Equity	5.9%	+0.6%
Global Natural Resources Equity	6.7%	-0.6%
Gold	2.9%	N/A
Core Real Estate	4.4%	-0.8%
Non-Core Real Estate	5.5%	-0.9%
Private Debt - Real Estate	4.1%	-0.9%
Private Real Assets - Natural Resources	8.0%	-1.1%
Private Real Assets - Infrastructure	5.4%	-0.5%

Source: NEPC

*Calculated as a blend of other asset classes



REAL ASSET: REAL INCOME

Equity-Like: Real income is inflation-adjusted dividend

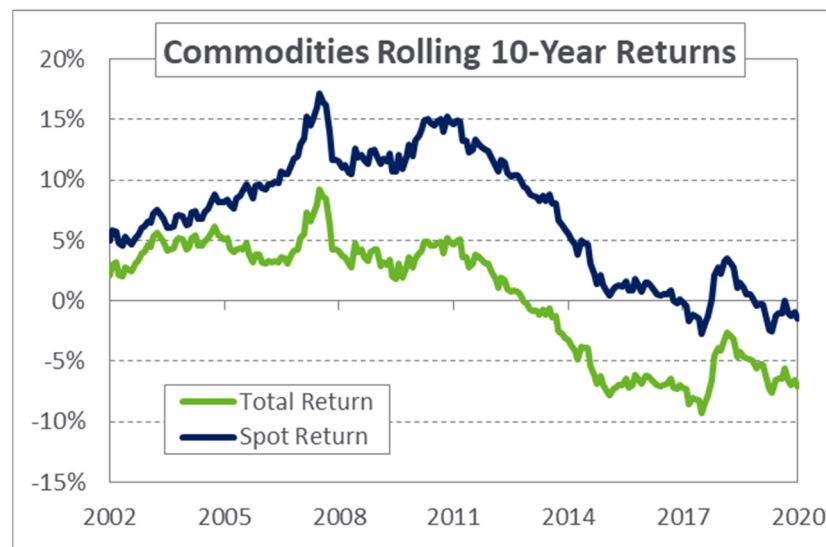
Includes public infrastructure, REITS, midstream energy, and natural resource equity

Real Estate: Real income is net operating income

NOI growth exhibits a cyclical economic pattern

Commodities: Real income includes collateral return

Collateral is based on a cash proxy over the time horizon



Real Assets Yields	9/30/20	12/31/20
Midstream Energy	9.9%	7.9%
Core Real Estate	4.4%	4.3%
US REIT	4.1%	3.8%
Global REIT	4.8%	4.3%
Global Infrastructure Equity	4.1%	3.1%
Global Natural Resources Equity	4.5%	3.5%
US 10-Yr Breakeven Inflation	1.6%	2.0%
Commodity Index Roll Yield*	-6.7%	-0.1%

Source: (Top) Bloomberg, FactSet, NEPC

Source: (Bottom) NCREIF, Alerian, NAREIT, S&P, FactSet, NEPC

*Commodity Index Roll Yield represents a proprietary calculation methodology



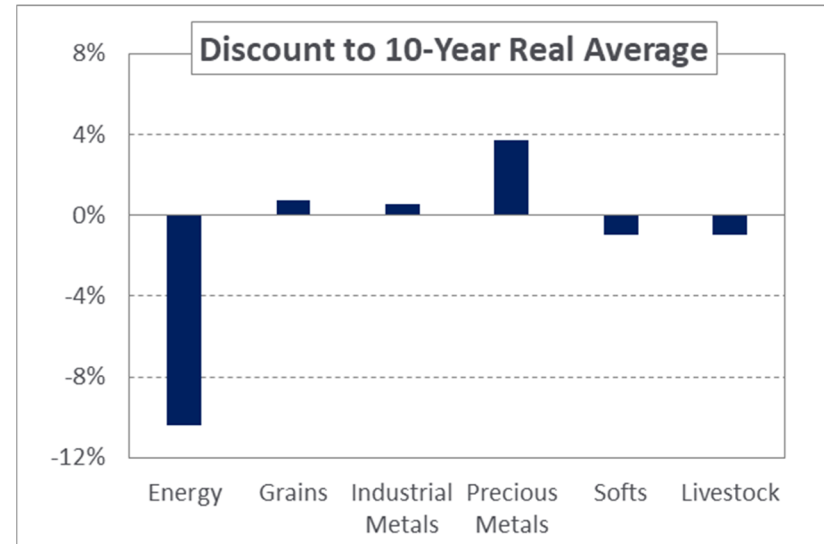
REAL ASSET: VALUATION

Commodity valuations are based on the long-term real average of spot prices

Energy commodity prices are trading below their long-term real averages

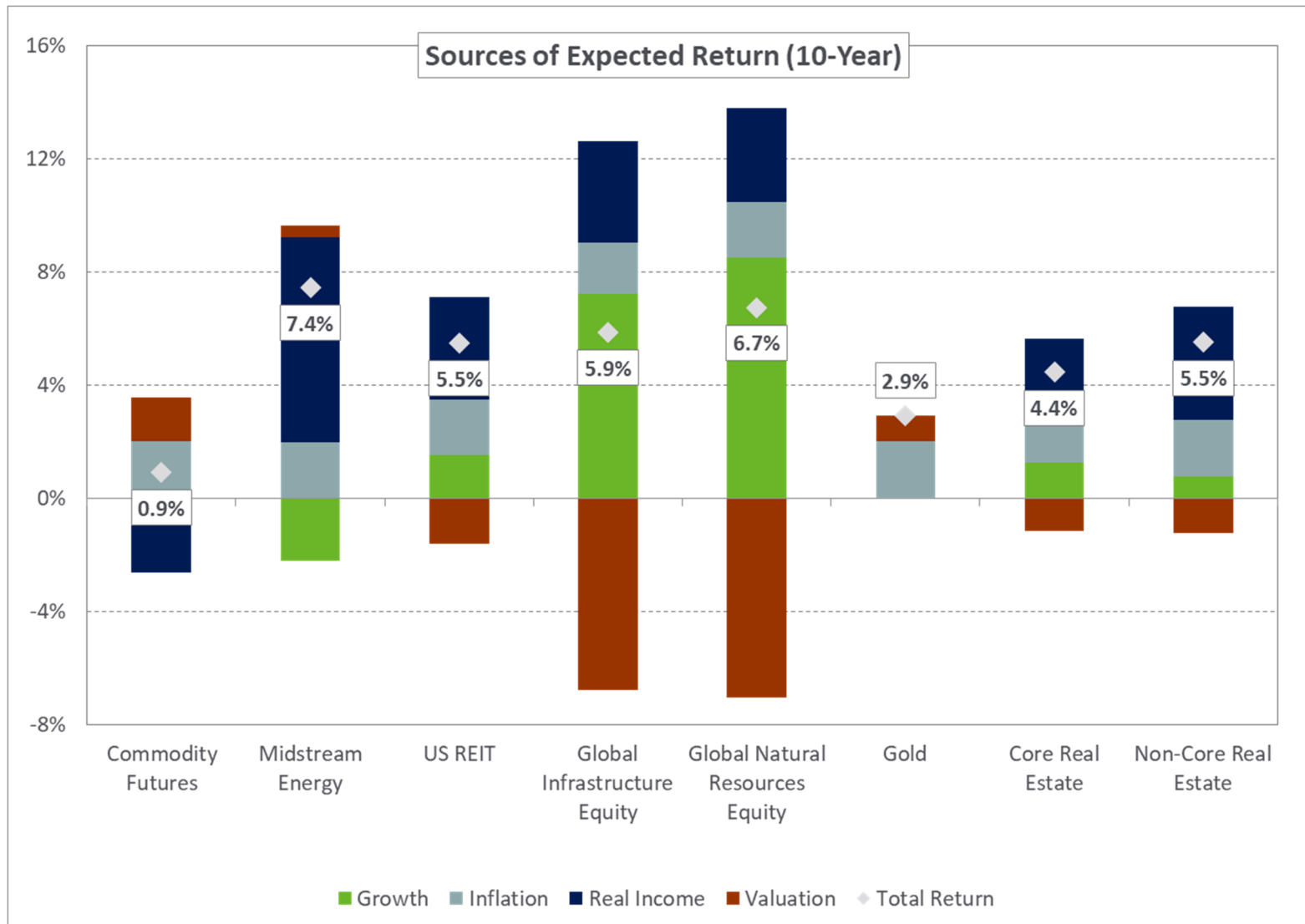
Valuation assumptions for other real assets are based on various valuation inputs

Cap rates are used for core real estate and price-to-cash flow from operations is used for midstream energy



Source: (Top) FactSet, NEPC
Source: (Bottom) FactSet, NEPC

REAL ASSET: BUILDING BLOCKS



Source: NEPC



ALTERNATIVES

NEPC, LLC

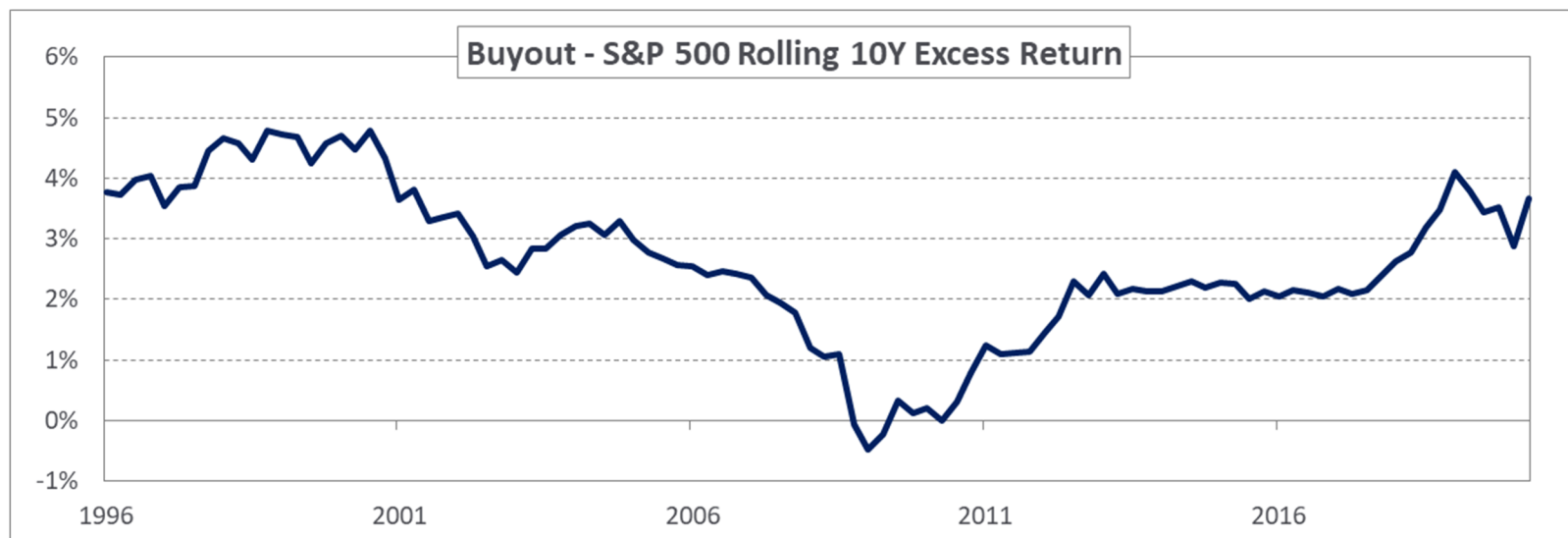
ALTERNATIVES METHODOLOGY

Private market assumptions are constructed from betas to public markets with an added illiquidity premia

Historically, the observed illiquidity premium has been a significant component driving private market returns

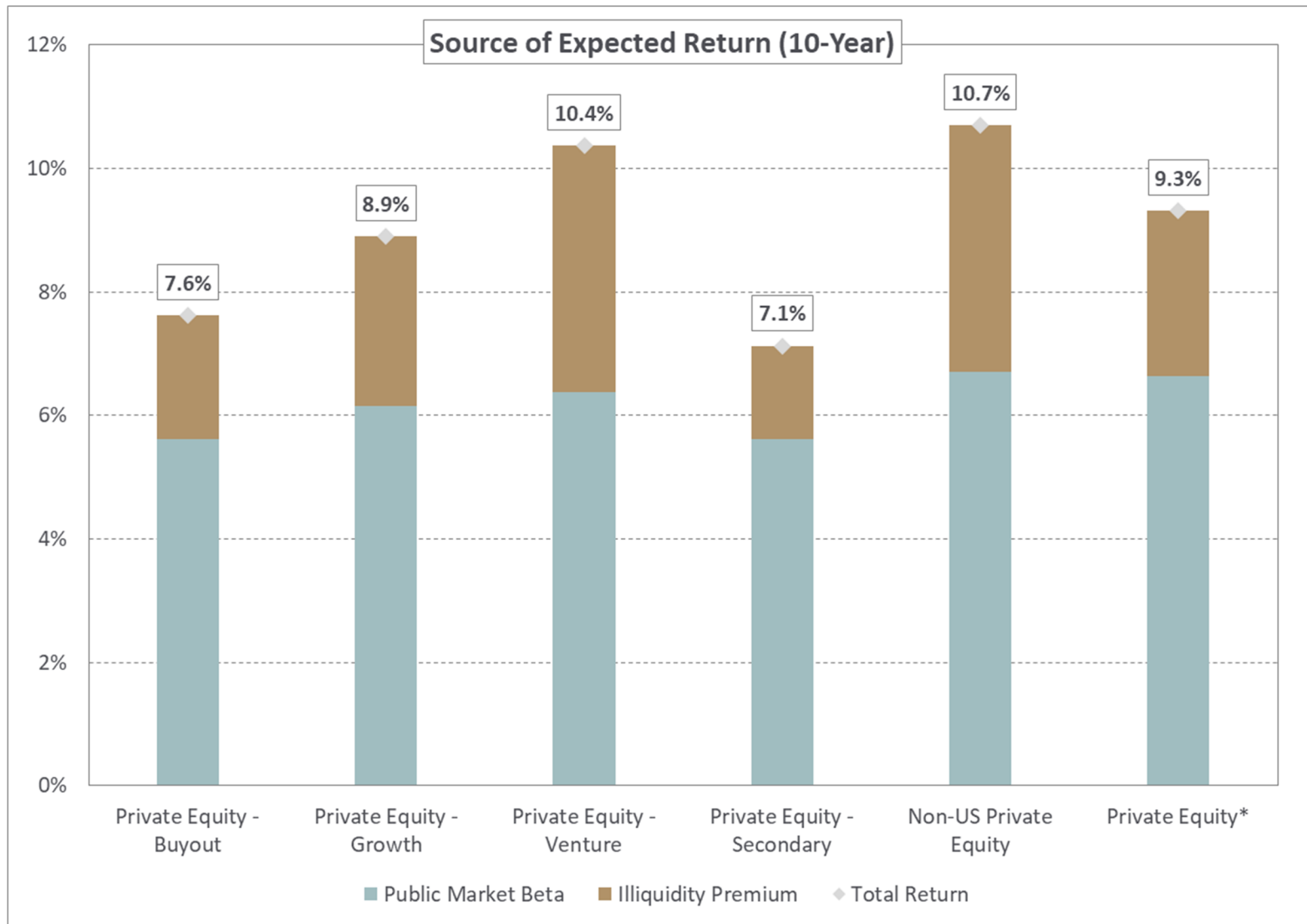
Hedge fund assumptions are constructed from betas to public markets with an added alpha assumption

Alpha based on historical manager universe performance relative to a market-based benchmark



Source: Thomson One, S&P, FactSet

PRIVATE EQUITY BUILDING BLOCKS

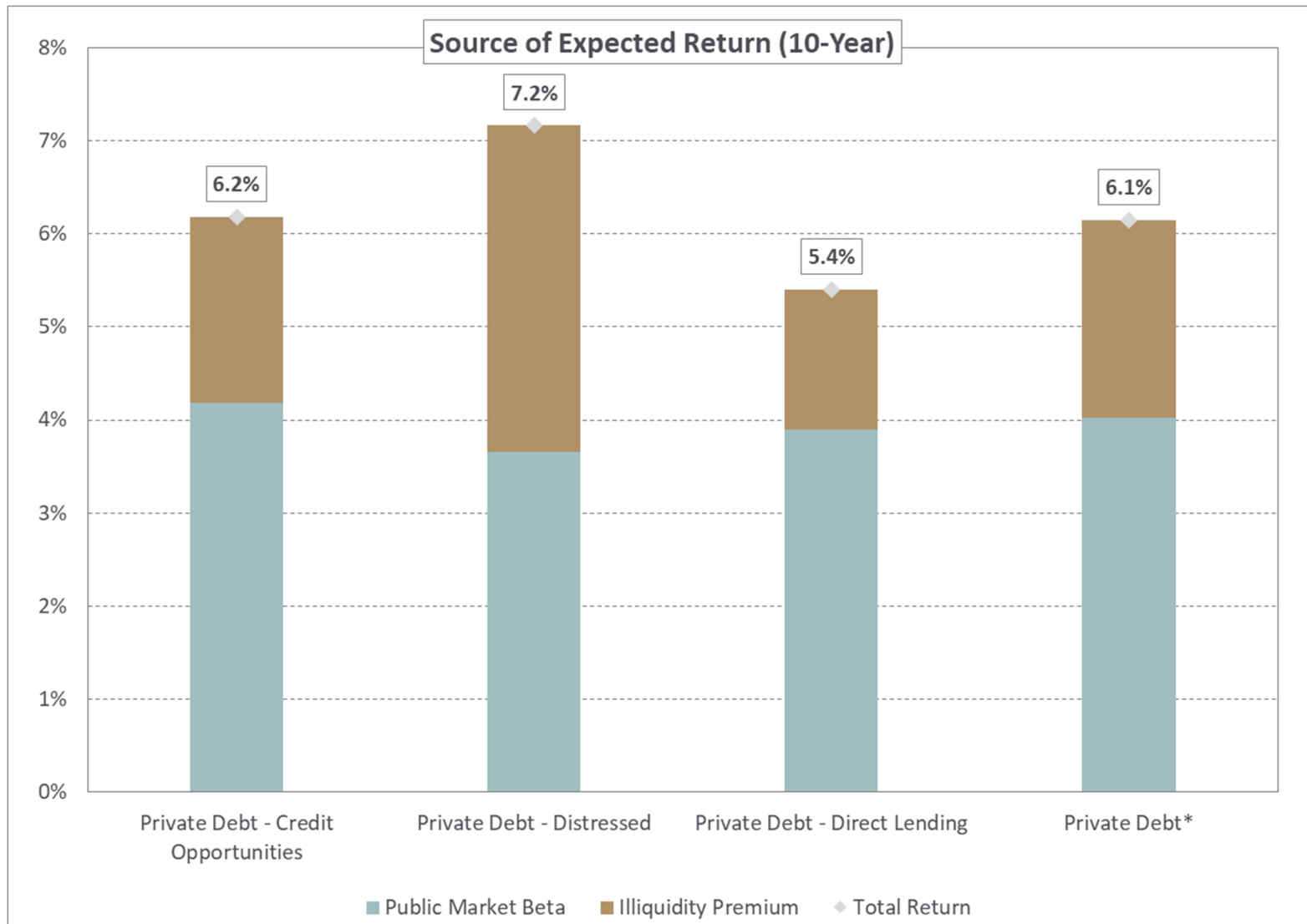


Source: NEPC

*Private Equity is a derived composite of 34% US Buyout, 34% US Growth, 8.5% US Secondary, 8.5% US Venture, 15% Non-US PE



PRIVATE DEBT BUILDING BLOCKS

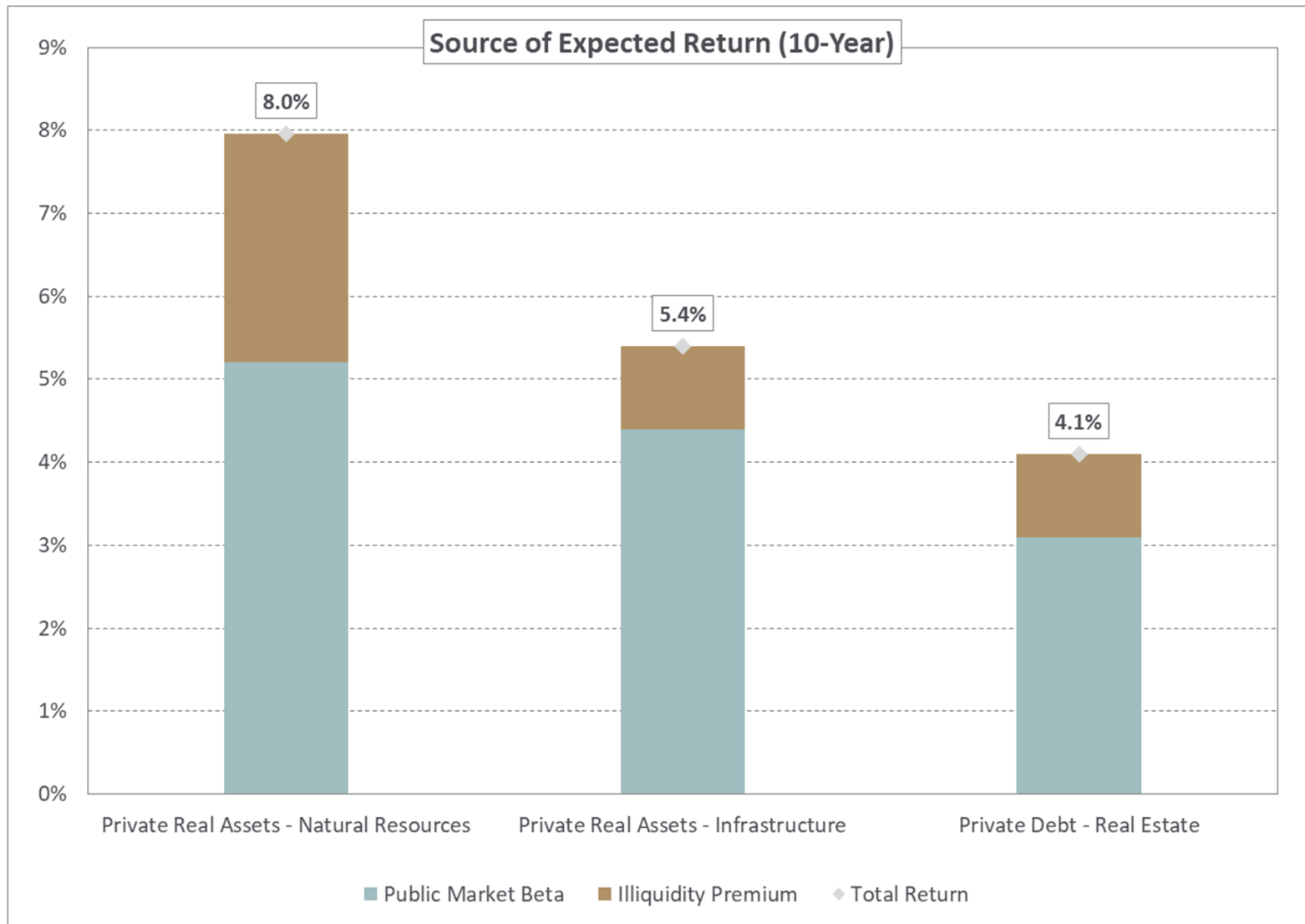


Source: NEPC

*Private Debt is a derived composite of 25% Mezzanine, 25% Distressed, 50% Direct Lending



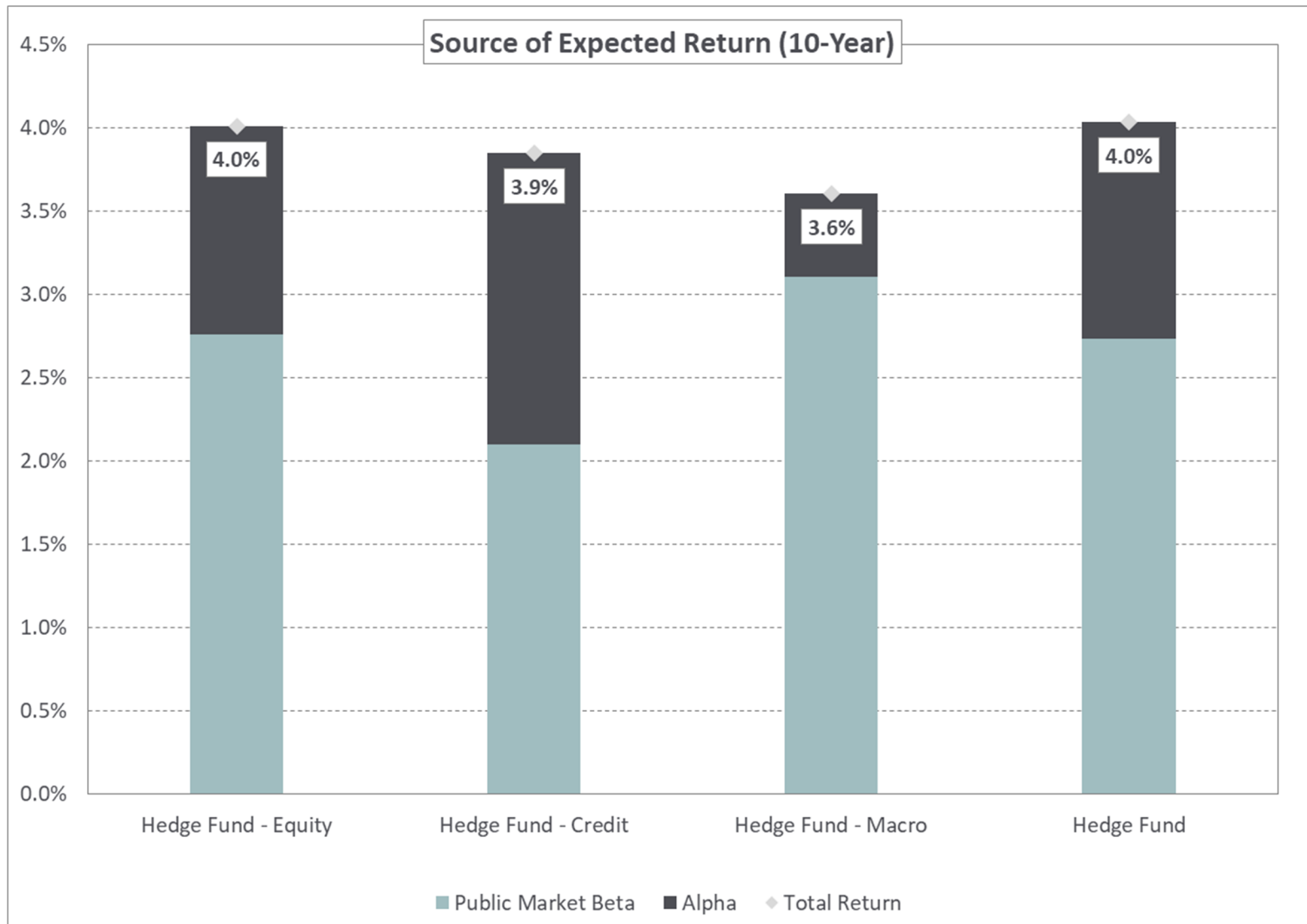
PRIVATE REAL ASSET BUILDING BLOCKS



Source: NEPC



HEDGE FUND BUILDING BLOCKS



Source: NEPC

*Hedge Funds is a derived composite of 40% Long/Short, 40% Credit, 20% Macro



APPENDIX

NEPC, LLC

12/31/20 CAPITAL MARKET ASSUMPTIONS

	Asset Class	10-Year Return	30-Year Return	Standard Deviation
MACRO	Inflation	2.0%	2.2%	—
	Cash	0.8%	1.9%	0.6%
	US Leverage Cost	1.2%	2.2%	0.7%
	Non-US Cash	0.0%	1.1%	0.6%
EQUITY	US Large-Cap Equity	5.4%	6.3%	16.6%
	US Small/Mid-Cap Equity	5.7%	6.6%	20.7%
	Non-US Developed Equity	5.9%	6.5%	19.7%
	Non-US Developed Equity (USD Hedge)	6.1%	6.7%	17.7%
	Non-US Developed Small-Cap Equity	6.1%	6.8%	22.5%
	Emerging Market Equity	7.5%	8.4%	28.7%
	Emerging Market Small-Cap Equity	8.1%	8.6%	31.5%
	<i>Global Equity*</i>	6.2%	7.0%	18.0%
	Hedge Fund – Equity	4.0%	5.0%	11.5%
	Private Equity – Buyout	7.6%	8.5%	18.5%
	Private Equity – Growth	8.9%	9.8%	31.0%
	Private Equity – Venture	10.4%	10.7%	45.0%
	Private Equity – Secondary	7.1%	8.0%	19.5%
	Non-US Private Equity	10.7%	10.7%	32.0%
	<i>Private Equity*</i>	9.3%	10.1%	24.8%
	China Equity	7.0%	7.8%	29.5%
	US Microcap Equity	6.6%	7.4%	25.0%



12/31/20 CAPITAL MARKET ASSUMPTIONS

	Asset Class	10-Year Return	30-Year Return	Standard Deviation
CREDIT	US TIPS	1.0%	2.1%	5.8%
	US Treasury Bond	0.9%	2.0%	5.3%
	US Corporate Bond	2.2%	3.7%	7.3%
	US Mortgage-Backed Securities	1.2%	2.3%	6.5%
	<i>US Aggregate Bond*</i>	1.4%	2.7%	5.7%
	US High Yield Corporate Bond	2.9%	5.0%	11.5%
	US Leveraged Loan	3.9%	4.8%	9.2%
	Emerging Market External Debt	3.0%	4.5%	13.0%
	Emerging Market Local Currency Debt	5.0%	5.1%	13.0%
	Non-US Government Bond	0.6%	1.7%	9.5%
	Non-US Government Bond (USD Hedge)	0.8%	1.9%	3.9%
	<i>Global Government Bond*</i>	0.7%	1.8%	7.9%
	<i>Global Government Bond (USD Hedge)*</i>	0.9%	2.0%	4.0%
	Non-US Inflation-Linked Bond (USD Hedge)	0.1%	1.1%	5.9%
	<i>Diversified Fixed Income*</i>	3.0%	4.3%	7.9%
	<i>Global Multi-Sector Fixed Income*</i>	3.0%	4.3%	7.9%
	<i>Absolute Return Fixed Income*</i>	2.5%	4.0%	6.0%
	US Municipal Bond	2.0%	2.3%	6.0%
	US Municipal Bond (1-10 Year)	1.1%	1.9%	4.5%
	US High Yield Municipal Bond	2.8%	3.9%	12.0%
	Hedge Fund - Credit	3.9%	5.3%	10.4%
	Private Debt - Credit Opportunities	6.2%	7.0%	14.0%
	Private Debt - Distressed	7.2%	7.8%	14.0%
	Private Debt - Direct Lending	5.4%	7.4%	11.5%
	<i>Private Debt*</i>	6.1%	7.5%	11.9%

12/31/20 CAPITAL MARKET ASSUMPTIONS

	Asset Class	10-Year Return	30-Year Return	Standard Deviation
CREDIT	US Short-Term TIPS (1-3 Year)	1.1%	2.0%	3.2%
	US Short-Term Treasury Bond (1-3 Year)	1.0%	2.0%	2.1%
	US Short-Term Corporate Bond (1-3 Year)	1.8%	3.7%	3.0%
	US Short-Term High Yield Corporate Bond (1-3 Year)	2.5%	3.5%	8.6%
	US Intermediate-Term TIPS (3-10 Year)	1.0%	2.1%	5.4%
	US Intermediate-Term Treasury Bond (3-10 Year)	0.9%	2.1%	5.4%
	US Intermediate-Term Corporate Bond (3-10 Year)	2.3%	3.8%	7.6%
	US Long-Term Treasury Bond (10-30 Year)	0.7%	1.9%	11.5%
	US Long-Term TIPS (10-30 Year)	1.0%	2.0%	10.9%
	US Long-Term Corporate Bond (10-30 Year)	2.3%	3.8%	11.5%
	20+ Year US Treasury STRIPS	0.4%	1.7%	21.2%
	<i>US Long-Term Government/Credit*</i>	1.7%	3.1%	10.6%
	US Corporate Bond - AAA	1.5%	2.8%	5.9%
	US Corporate Bond - AA	1.6%	2.9%	5.9%
	US Corporate Bond - A	1.9%	3.3%	7.2%
	US Corporate Bond - BBB	2.5%	3.9%	8.0%
	US Corporate Bond - BB	3.9%	5.6%	9.9%
	US Corporate Bond - B	3.0%	4.9%	12.1%
	US Corporate Bond - CCC/Below	-3.4%	-0.8%	21.7%
	US Securitized Bond	1.8%	3.1%	9.0%
	US Collateralized Loan Obligation	2.3%	3.3%	7.5%
	US High Yield Securitized Bond	2.3%	4.5%	11.0%
	US High Yield Collateralized Loan Obligation	4.6%	5.7%	11.0%
	US Taxable Municipal Bond	2.5%	3.9%	7.5%
	10 Year US Treasury Bond	0.9%	2.3%	7.4%
	10 Year Non-US Government Bond (USD Hedge)	-0.1%	1.1%	5.1%

12/31/20 CAPITAL MARKET ASSUMPTIONS

	Asset Class	10-Year Return	30-Year Return	Standard Deviation
REAL ASSETS	Commodity Futures	0.9%	3.3%	18.5%
	Midstream Energy	7.4%	7.3%	27.0%
	<i>Public Real Assets (Multi-Asset)*</i>	4.4%	5.6%	14.2%
	US REIT	5.5%	6.7%	21.4%
	Global Infrastructure Equity	5.9%	6.6%	20.4%
	Global Natural Resources Equity	6.7%	7.0%	22.8%
	Gold	2.9%	3.7%	16.4%
	Core Real Estate	4.4%	5.6%	15.0%
	Non-Core Real Estate	5.5%	7.0%	21.0%
	Private Debt - Real Estate	4.1%	5.2%	11.0%
	Private Real Assets - Natural Resources	8.0%	8.5%	32.0%
Private Real Assets – Infrastructure	5.4%	6.6%	12.5%	
MULTI-ASSET	Hedge Fund – Macro	3.6%	4.7%	9.2%
	<i>Hedge Fund*</i>	4.0%	5.2%	8.7%
	<i>60% S&P 500 & 40% US Aggregate Bond*</i>	4.1%	5.1%	10.3%
	<i>60% MSCI ACWI & 40% US Aggregate Bond*</i>	4.6%	5.6%	11.1%



PRIVATE MARKETS COMPOSITES

Assumed public market beta composites for private market return assumptions are detailed below:

Private Equity:

Private Equity – Buyout: 25% US Large Cap, 75% US Small/Mid Cap

Private Equity – Secondary: 25% US Large Cap, 75% US Small/Mid Cap

Private Equity – Growth: 50% US Small/Mid Cap, 50% US Microcap

Private Equity – Venture: 25% US Small/Mid Cap, 75% US Microcap

Private Equity – Non-US: 70% International Small Cap, 30% Emerging Small Cap

PE Composite: 34% Buyout, 34% Growth, 15 % Non-US, 8.5% Secondary, 8.5% Venture

Private Debt:

Private Debt – Direct Lending: 100% Bank Loans

Private Debt – Distressed: 20% US Small/Mid Cap, 60% US High Yield, 20% Bank Loans

Private Debt – Credit Opportunities: 34% US SMID Cap, 33% US High Yield, 33% Bank Loans

Private Debt Composite: 50% Direct Lending, 25% Credit Opportunities, 25% Distressed

Private Real Assets:

Private Real Assets – Natural Resources: 30% Comm., 35% Midstream, 35% Public Resource Equity

Private Real Assets - Infrastructure: 30% Commodities, 70% Public Infrastructure

Private Real Estate Debt: 50% CMBS, 50% Core Real Estate



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